

AUGUST 2021

PERSPECTIVE

ON THE **Rx** PIPELINE

Understanding changes in the medication market and their impact on cost and care.

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CRAFTED Rx SOLUTIONS



Perspective on the Rx Pipeline

Elixir continuously monitors the drug pipeline. As treatment options change, we evaluate and share our perspective on the clinical benefits, cost-effectiveness and overall impact to payers and patients. Our Perspective on the Rx Pipeline report provides ongoing actionable insights from our team of clinical experts and the steps we are taking to protect and improve plan performance.

INCLUDED IN THIS EDITION:

Vaccination Update: What You Need to Know About Protecting Your Members This Cold and Flu Season

- Influenza
- Pneumococcal
- Influenza and Pneumococcal Vaccine Pipeline Update
- COVID-19 and Other Noteworthy Vaccinations

VACCINATION UPDATE

What You Need to Know About Protecting Your Members This Cold and Flu Season

PIPELINE STAGE



Situation Summary

With kids heading back to school, the days growing shorter and the nights getting cooler, it can only mean one thing. We're heading into cold and flu season. And with the COVID-19 pandemic still spreading throughout the world, it's important to understand the difference between the various viruses and the vaccines available to prevent them.

Influenza

Influenza, commonly known as the flu, is a highly contagious respiratory virus (orthomyxoviridae family) often leading to symptoms such as fever, cough, sore throat, runny or stuffy nose, body aches, fatigue and headaches.

With social distancing, lessened travel and respiratory protection, the 2020/2021 flu season cases were unusually low; however, it is estimated that in a typical year in the United States, more than 200,000 patients are admitted to the hospital for influenza and there are approximately 36,000 flu-related deaths.^[1, 2]

The Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) suggests everyone over six months of age get an influenza vaccine, particularly those at high risk of developing serious flu complications, such as adults over age 65, adults with chronic health conditions, children younger than two years of age, those with a body mass index (BMI) of 40 or higher, those with a weakened immune system, people who had a stroke, and pregnant women (for a full list, please see <https://www.cdc.gov/flu/highrisk/index.htm>). Influenza vaccinations are generally 40% to 60% effective in any given year.^[3]

The CDC recommends getting the flu vaccine by the end of October, before community spread. It is important to note that it takes about two weeks after vaccination for the antibodies to develop. Getting the vaccine too early, such as July or August, may be associated with reduced protection later in the flu season.

There are three types of influenza virus, A, B and C; however, only A and B cause flu epidemics. For the 2021-2022 flu season, the World Health Organization (WHO) is recommending quadrivalent vaccines for the northern hemisphere, which includes the U.S.^[4] Following are the recommended vaccine targets, updated annually, which may be available in different formulations, such as traditional injections, high-dose injections or intranasal spray (some vaccines may be trivalent):

Egg-Based Vaccines (currently used in the majority of vaccine products)

- A/Victoria/2570/2019 (H1N1) pdm09-like virus
- A/Cambodia/e0826360/2020 (H3N2)-like virus
- B/Washington/02/2019 (B/Victoria lineage)-like virus
- B/Phuket/3073/2013 (B/Yamagata lineage)-like virus

Cell or Recombinant-Based Vaccines

- A/Wisconsin/588/2019 (H1N1) pdm09-like virus
- A/Cambodia/e0826360/2020 (H3N2)-like virus
- B/Washington/02/2019 (B/Victoria lineage)-like virus
- B/Phuket/3073/2013 (B/Yamagata lineage)-like virus



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Flu Vaccination Availability in the U.S.: Various manufacturers have developed these vaccinations that have been approved by the FDA and are being released in the U.S. Following is a list of available flu vaccinations (updated 8/04/21);^[5]

Manufacturer	Total # of Lots Released by FDA
Afluria Quadrivalent Seqirus Pty. Ltd.	9
Fluad Quadrivalent Seqirus, Inc.	0
Fluarix Quadrivalent GlaxoSmithKline Biologicals	16
Flublok Quadrivalent Protein Sciences Corporation	5
Flucelvax Quadrivalent Seqirus, Inc.	0
FluLaval Quadrivalent ID Biomedical Corporation of Quebec	21
FluMist Quadrivalent MedImmune, LLC	0
Fluzone High Dose Quadrivalent Sanofi Pasteur, Inc.	5
Fluzone Quadrivalent Sanofi Pasteur, Inc.	18



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Pneumococcal

Pneumococcal disease is a very serious infection caused by streptococcus pneumoniae or pneumococcus bacteria. It can cause pneumonia (lung infection), meningitis (infection of the lining of the brain and spinal cord), bacteremia (blood infection), otitis media (middle ear infection) or sinusitis (sinus infection). Symptoms vary based on the type of infection, but many are similar to those of colds and flus. It is estimated to cause 150,000 hospitalizations each year in the United States and can lead to death.^[6]

Pneumococcal vaccines are recommended by the CDC’s Advisory committee on Immunization Practices (ACIP) for both children and adults, particularly those at higher risk, such as children and adults with sickle cell disease, no spleen, HIV, cancer or other conditions that weaken the immune system (for a full list, please see <https://www.cdc.gov/pneumococcal/about/risk-transmission.html>).

Previously, the decision on what vaccine to administer was clear, as there were only two options, with consideration for patient’s age and comorbidities. In the last two months, two additional pneumococcal vaccines have come to market, Prevnar 20™ and Vaxneuvance™. Both vaccines are only indicated for use in adults; however, they cover additional pneumococcal serotypes than Prevnar 13® that are known to cause infection^[7]

Here is a review of the FDA-approved pneumococcal vaccines^[8-11]:

Vaccine	Mfg	FDA Approval	Indication	Adult Dose	Pediatric Dose	Additional Indications
Pneumovax® 23	Merck	1983	Prevention of pneumococcal disease caused by the 23 S. pneumoniae serotypes (contained in the vaccine) in persons 50 years of age or older and persons aged 2 years of age and older who are at increased risk for pneumococcal disease	Single intramuscular Injection	Not recommended	None
Prevnar 20	Pfizer	June 2021	Prevention of pneumonia and invasive disease caused by 20 S. pneumoniae serotypes 1, 3, 4, 5, 6A, 6B, 7F, 8, 9V, 10A, 11A, 12F, 14, 15B, 18C, 19A, 19F, 22F, 23F and 33F in adults 18 years of age and older	Single intramuscular Injection	Not FDA approved	Pediatric indication, sBLA filed late 2022 Adults >65 years of age in combination with COVID-19 booster
Vaxneuvance	Merck	July 2021	Prevention of invasive disease caused by 15 S. pneumoniae serotypes 1, 3, 4, 5, 6A, 6B, 7F, 9V, 14, 18C, 19A, 19F, 22F, 23F, and 33F in adults 18 years of age and older	Single intramuscular Injection	Not FDA approved	Pediatric indication, sBLA filed late 2021
Prevnar 13	Pfizer	2010	Prevention of: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Invasive disease caused by the 13 S. pneumoniae serotypes (contained in the vaccine) in children 6 weeks through adults 18 years of age and older Otitis media caused by serotypes 4, 6B, 9V, 14, 18C, 19F and 23F in children 6 weeks to 5 years of age Pneumonia caused by the 13 S. pneumoniae serotypes (contained in the vaccine) in adults 18 years of age and older 	Single intramuscular Injection	4-dose series at 2, 4, 6 and 12-15 months of age	None



VACCINATION UPDATE

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In 2019, ACIP updated recommendations for administration of Prevnar 13 and Pneumovax 23, removing routine use of Prevnar 13 in adults greater than 65 years of age. Adults 19-64 years of age who are immunocompromised, have cerebrospinal fluid leaks or cochlear implants require Pneumovax 23 and then at least one year later should receive Prevnar 13. For this population, an additional Pneumovax 23 vaccination is needed after 65 years of age, with the requirement that it has been eight weeks since receiving Prevnar 13, and it should have been at least five years from the previous Pneumovax 23 injection.^[7]

Both Prevnar 20 and Vaxneuvance were non-inferior to Prevnar 13 in clinical trials and have additional serotypes for prevention. While additional FDA-approved vaccines are a positive update in the prevention of pneumococcal infections, the question of where Prevnar 20 and Vaxneuvance fit into the adult recommendations remains. ACIP will not meet until October 2021, to provide recommendations on these vaccines. The question is will these new vaccines replace Prevnar 13 in adults, target the high-risk population aged 19-64, or be part of a shared, individualistic decision with providers to determine if patients should have Prevnar 13, Prevnar 20 or Vaxneuvance. Additional ACIP recommendations will be needed if and when the FDA approves pediatric pipeline indications on these products as well.^[7]

Influenza and Pneumococcal Vaccine Pipeline Update

There are a number of influenza and pneumococcal vaccines in the pipeline. Moderna is working on a seasonal flu vaccine that uses mRNA-based technology, which was introduced in the COVID-19 vaccines, and is planning to pursue human trials. Pfizer/BioNTech is also pursuing RNA technology for an influenza vaccination, claiming it could speed up the manufacturing process and remove the guess work of predicting the next season's most common strains of influenza.^[12] There are also additional vaccines in Phase II and III studies for pneumococcal that cover 23 and 24 serotypes. Following is a review of the influenza and pneumococcal vaccine pipeline.^[12-15]

Vaccine Name	Route	Indication	Clinical Insight
M-001	Intramuscular Injection (IM)	Influenza subtype A and type B	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • “Universal flu vaccination,” aiming to provide multi-season and strain protection • Failed to meet primary and efficacy end points in a Phase III trial
Quadrivalent VLP Vaccine	IM	Influenza subtype A and type B	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Plant derived
NanoFlu	IM	Influenza subtype A and type B	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Matrix-M adjuvant • Studied in those aged 65 and older vs Fluzone Quadrivalent • Pursing Accelerated pathway, which could mean availability in the 2021-2022 season
Pneumococcal Conjugate Vaccine 23-Valent (Sinovac Biotech Co.)	IM	Pneumococcal infections (children and adults)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Phase III
ASP3772 Pneumococcal 24-Valent Conjugate Vaccine (Affinivax/Astellas)	IM	Pneumococcal infections (adults 50 years of age and older)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Phase II • FDA Breakthrough Therapy for prevention of pneumonia and invasive disease caused by streptococcus pneumoniae serotypes included



VACCINE UPDATE

PIPELINE STAGE



COVID-19 and Other Noteworthy Vaccinations

Adding to the mix is COVID-19, caused by a novel coronavirus that also has similar symptoms to colds and flus. There are three effective vaccines readily available in the United States that were given Emergency Use Authorization (EUA) from the FDA. Clinical trials are still being conducted for use of the vaccines in children and, without full FDA approval, there are still a number of people hesitant to get the vaccines. Variants of the virus continue to evolve and other countries throughout the world are still in need of vaccines. As of August 13, 2021, a COVID-19 vaccine booster is recommended only for immune compromised patients. A definition of what is considered moderately to severely immune compromised can be found at www.cdc.gov/coronavirus/2019-ncov/vaccines/recommendations/immuno.html. Following is a summary of COVID-19 and other miscellaneous vaccinations of note.

Recent Vaccinations Update

Vaccination	Date/w	Notable Update	Comment
COVID-19			
BNT162 (Pfizer BioNTech)	1/2022 Anticipated	Filed for Biologic License Application with FDA, review expected in January	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> FDA approval may occur as early as September
BNT162 (Pfizer BioNTech)	7/26/21	FDA urged Pfizer and Moderna to enroll more children age 5 to 11 in clinical study as a precautionary measure to monitor for possible heart inflammation problems (myocarditis or pericarditis)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Pfizer results expected in September and may already meet the expected trial size
mRNA-1273 (Moderna)		Currently deemed effective against the Delta variant	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Moderna is working with the FDA to expand trial size
Booster - BNT162 and mRNA-1273	8/13/21	Per the CDC, those who are moderately to severely immunocompromised should receive an additional dose after the initial two doses	
Ad26COVS1 (Janssen/ Johnson & Johnson)	7/12/21	Side effect profile may be slowing utilization and uptake	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Guillain-Barré syndrome (GBS) warning Thrombosis with thrombocytopenia (TTS)
NVX-CoV2373 (Novavax)	3Q2021 potential EUA application 8/5/21 updated on production	Novavax has been struggling with mass production and has been paused	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> M-Matrix immune booster Nanoparticle Testing a combined flu and COVID-19 vaccine in animals Also focusing on “mix and match” booster shot potential



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Vaccination	Date	Notable Update	Comment
Herpes Zoster			
Shingrix	7/26/21	Label expansion: Adults 18 years and older with increased risk of herpes zoster (shingles) due to immune deficiency or immunosuppression caused by known disease or therapy	<ul style="list-style-type: none">Previously indicated for 50 years of age and older

For more information, visit www.fda.gov

PAYER ACTION PLAN

- We believe encouraging members to adhere to and utilize pharmacy benefits when appropriate to receive vaccinations is an important clinical role pharmacy benefit managers and plan sponsors play. Elixir will continue to monitor the drug pipeline for new vaccinations and keep our clients apprised of updates. Our P&T committee will review any newly approved FDA products and update our clients when these products may be available for member utilization.

Impact to the Pharmacy Care Experience

Vaccinations are at the forefront of disease prevention efforts. Many vaccinations, especially those considered preventive, fall under the Affordable Care Act coverage requirement. Medicare coverage of vaccines is extensive and whether it is covered under Part D or Part B is dictated by the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services (CMS).

Pharmacy & Therapeutics Review and Formulary Strategies: Pharmacy benefit coverage strategies may be implemented when multiple products exist with matching clinical guidance and when regulations permit. Elixir's Pharmacy and Therapeutics (P&T) committee will rigorously review each future FDA approval to assure clinically appropriate, safe and efficacious products are provided on our formulary.

Sources

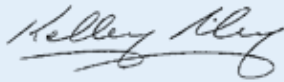
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Our Clinical Steering Committee

The Elixir Clinical Steering Committee brings together leaders from across our national pharmacy care company to monitor the drug landscape, provide recommendations on how to address changes, and to ensure our clients and patients are prepared—in advance.

With any new development, we partner with our Pharmacy & Therapeutics (P&T) committee and consult with our best-in-class specialty pharmacy, to provide a balanced perspective on the clinical effectiveness of all available options, the cost impact to our plan sponsors and patients, and the impact on the overall patient experience.



Kel Riley, MD

Chief Medical Officer



More ways to improve member and plan outcomes

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With the unique ability to optimize the full pharmacy care experience, Elixir is crafting solutions for today's pharmacy benefits challenges. For more information, visit elixirsolutions.com.

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